**Review: Pronoun Unit**

**Personal & Reflexive Pronouns**

* Charts
* Possessive adjectives *meus, tuus, suus, noster, vester*
* *suus* vs. *eius/eōrum* for “his”

**Demonstrative Pronouns**

* Charts (*hic, ille, iste, ipse*)
* *hic…ille*, the latter…the former

**Relative Pronouns**

* Charts
* Relative clauses, antecedent
* Interrogative *quis, quid*
* Relative without antecedent, connecting relative

**Syntax**: Place Expressions, Locative (Romā/Romae/Romam; domum/domī/domō, etc.)

**Vocabulary**

* Adjectives of pronomial declension (UNUS NAUTA)
* Derivatives
* Principal parts

**Culture**

* Greeks in Italy – areas of influence
* First 4 kings of Rome (Romulus, Numa, Tullus Hostilius, Ancus Marcius) - significance

**Translation**

There will be excerpts from translations that we have done in class. Please review:

Europa, Narcissus, Nisus & Euryalus, Myrmidons, and Paris readings

**Personal & Reflexive**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Nom | egō | I |
| Gen |  |  |
| Dat |  |  |
| Acc |  |  |
| Abl |  |  |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Nom | nōs | we |
| Gen |  |  |
| Dat |  |  |
| Acc |  |  |
| Abl |  |  |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Nom | tū | you |
| Gen |  |  |
| Dat |  |  |
| Acc |  |  |
| Abl |  |  |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Nom | vōs | you pl. |
| Gen |  |  |
| Dat |  |  |
| Acc |  |  |
| Abl |  |  |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Nom | is | ea | id | he/she/it |
| Gen |  |  |  |  |
| Dat |  |  |  |  |
| Acc |  |  |  |  |
| Abl |  |  |  |  |
| Nom pl. |  |  |  |  |
| Gen |  |  |  |  |
| Dat |  |  |  |  |
| Acc |  |  |  |  |
| Abl |  |  |  |  |

Define: isdem/īdem, eadem, idem \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Reflexive “himself/herself/itself/themselves”

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Nom | ------ | -------- |
| Gen |  |  |
| Dat |  |  |
| Acc |  |  |
| Abl |  |  |

**Demonstratives**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Nom | hic | haec | hoc | this (man/woman/thing) |
| Gen |  |  |  |  |
| Dat |  |  |  |  |
| Acc |  |  |  |  |
| Abl |  |  |  |  |
| Nom Pl. |  |  |  |  |
| Gen |  |  |  |  |
| Dat |  |  |  |  |
| Acc |  |  |  |  |
| Abl |  |  |  |  |

Define:

ille, illa, illud:

iste, ista, istud:

ipse, ipsa, ipsum:

**Relative/Interrogative**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Nom | quī | quae | quod | who, which |
| Gen |  |  |  |  |
| Dat |  |  |  |  |
| Acc |  |  |  |  |
| Abl |  |  |  |  |
| Nom Pl. |  |  |  |  |
| Gen |  |  |  |  |
| Dat |  |  |  |  |
| Acc |  |  |  |  |
| Abl |  |  |  |  |

Define: quis?

quid?

quōmodō?

quandō?

quō tempore

in quō locō

quōcum

**Translate**

1. quī ā parentibus relictus est ā nōbīs reperiētur.
2. bella in quibus rēx vertitur tanta sunt quantum bellum Trōiānum.
3. reperīre talis homō qualis ille difficile est .
4. qualēs sunt principēs, talēs erunt cīvēs.
5. quot sunt hominēs, tot sunt sententiae.
6. Marcus et Lucius felicēs sunt; hic fabulam mīram audīvit, ille tamen ipsam fabulam scripsit.
7. Marcus domī manēbat, Lucius igitur domum eius cucurrit.
8. ceterōs amīcōs forte vīdimus et eōs coluimus.
9. militēs humī sedent ut castra sua ardet.
10. multī nostrum Romā fūgimus, deinde rurem processimus.
11. aliī apud vōs rurī manent, aliī apud nōs Romae manent.
12. nōn solum Romulus, sed etiam Tullus et Ancus in bellīs mīrīs vertuntur.
13. eō tempore Marcus hastam (spear) ad Lucium ipsum coniēcit.
14. Nisus Euryalusque nōn solum istōs Rutulōs interfēcērunt sed etiam arma illōrum cēpērunt.
15. Marcus duōs fratrēs habet, nomen alterīus Sextus, alterius Septimus est.
16. Titus solus nullam pecuniam habet, et Lucius numquam ullam pecuniam eī dat. hic nē unam dollarem illī dat.
17. quis alium librum legit? utrum librum legis? librum istum quem legis ē fenestrā iaciam.
18. Marcus meum librum ē fenestrā ēiecit. illum nōn amō.